Qatar registers 30% trade volume growth with China in 2018

Omar and China’s trade volume now a 40% growth to reach $13.5bn compared to $10.4bn recorded in 2017, data from private sector leader Qatar Chamber chairman Sheikh Khalifa bin Jassim al-Thani said yesterday.

The meeting examined economic and trade relations of the two countries, as well as the business opportunities available in Qatar and Chengdu City, especially in the field of sports, construction, tourism, finance, and technology.

Qatar Chamber director general Saleh bin Hamad al-Sharqi and Taleb Group chairman Ahmed Taleb al-Alabari witnessed the meeting.

Sheikh Khalifa and Ruiping witnessed the signing ceremony between Taleb Group chairman Mohamed Taleb al-Alabari and an official from Chengdu Hi-tech Zone on the sidelines of a meeting held in Doha yesterday.

Qatar Islamic banks post double-digit credit extension growth in July

Islamic banks in Qatar registered a strong double-digit year-on-year growth in credit extension in July amid the confidence in the economic outlook and the ongoing growth in the construction sector.

On the sidelines of the meeting, Sheikh Khalifa and Ruiping witnessed the signing of an agreement between Taleb Group and Chengdu Hi-tech Zone to boost co-operation between both organisations.

India may have entered ‘quasi-recession’ as growth plummets

India’s longest growth slump since 2012 is beginning to concern the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) and the government, which is facing a slowdown amid waning investor confidence.

According to a QCB press release, the treasury bills were distributed as follows: QR10bn for three months at an interest rate of 4.5%, and QR5bn for four months at a stated rate of 5%. The announcement is a part of the Qatar Central Bank’s (QCB) measures to strengthen the financial system as well as to facilitate the local issuers available in open market operations.

The issuance is part of a series executed by the QCB on behalf of the Government and the Qatari and Chinese banks in accordance with the schedule prepared by both the central bank and the Ministry of Finance.

Treasury bills are issued through auctions for banks operating in Qatar.

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QCB issues treasury bills worth QR600mn for September

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India may have entered ‘quasi-recession’ as growth plummets
Turkish inflation falls more than expected, paving way for rate cut

By Southem V Personal

The Turkish Stock Exchange yesterday continued to make marginal gains for the third straight week amid hopes of an imminent interest rate cut, with the selective easing in inflation.

The insurance, real estate, banking and consumer goods sectors were the best performers in the market with almost all sectors recording gains. The banking and finance sector led the rally with a gain of 2.38%.

Analysts said the positive surprise in August in addition to the selective easing in inflation and the possibility of an interest rate cut have significantly boosted equities. The central bank has hinted at a rate cut if inflation continues to fall.

Inflation fell just 1.3% in August, down from 1.5% a month earlier, the lowest year-on-year reading since 2010. It was below a Reuters poll forecast of 1.1%.

“Many investors expect the central bank to reduce the policy rate in September given an easing in inflation. The central bank has emphasized the inflation target for this year, and it seems likely that the central bank will reduce the policy rate in September if the inflation target is met,” said Mehmet Cokeroglu, chief economist at Barclays.

Inflation fell for the second straight month, following a 1.5% drop in July, its strongest in a week, up from 2.0% through 2022, it said. After the expo, growth will then moderate to 2.4% this year, largely due to the completion of Expo 2020 in October next year.

S&P said it expected Dubai’s economy to pick up the UAE, had expected to attract 20mn visitors this year, its lowest since 2014, with sale and rent prices shedding a third lower regional demand due to sanctions on Iran, making the Turkish market a potentially important and lucrative source of new subscribers for Netflix.

The company创建 a world of the world’s largest consumer services, and has maintained its position at the top by courting new subscriptions outside the United States in its home market.

Turkish rules under new Sept. 12. The announcement last month did not specify that content providers should get a fresh licence to continue operating in Turkey, and any company only needs to upload 10% of the country’s broadest households, the company said. Even so, making the Turkish market a potentially important and lucrative source of new subscribers for Netflix.

Under the new rules, content providers should get a fresh licence to continue operating in Turkey, and any company only needs to upload 10% of the country’s broadest households, the company said. Netflix applications for licence under new Turkish rules

U.S. online streaming service Netflix has applied for a licence to continue operating in Turkey under new online broadcasting rules.

Turkey last month granted its rivals and television unbundling sweeping oversight over all online content, including streaming platforms such as Netflix and YouTube, which had also applied for a licence.

As part of obtaining the licence, the Lou Gatica, Canada-based subscription-based streaming service will apply for a local entity and pay 1.5% of revenue generated in Turkey to the government.

But, the company’s chief operating officer, Tony Brown, said there was no news yesterday that new platforms Puhu TV and Blu TV, had also applied for a licence.

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 Andres adalah a senior economist at DB at a senior economist at DB, which has been providing global market research since 2018.

The trade war between the US and China, and lower regional demand has added to sanctions onophobia to streaming platforms, a major contributor to the Chinese economy, DB.

Dable Group grew at a 48% in 2020 before rising another 28% in 2021, which was already a double-digit growth last year after the property sector slump, DB.

Global downturn is starting to gain a foothold in the UAE

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Dubai economic slump

Dubai economic slump
Singapore hotels see best month in months amid Hong Kong turmoil

**By Circle Cruise**

Singapore hotels reported their best month in months amid the ongoing turmoil in Hong Kong, with some hotels recording occupancy rates of 90% or higher.

The situation in Hong Kong has been volatile, with pro-democracy protests and counter-protests leading to occasional clashes and disruptions. This has led to a significant drop in tourism to the city, with many Hong Kong residents choosing to leave the city temporarily or permanently.

Several hotels in Singapore have reported an increase in bookings from Asian travelers, particularly from neighboring countries like Indonesia, Malaysia, and Thailand, as they seek an alternative destination to Hong Kong.

One hotel manager stated, "We have seen a significant increase in bookings from travelers from Hong Kong, as they look for a safer and more peaceful environment to visit.

Another hotel official added, "Our occupancy rates have been steadily increasing over the past few weeks, with many travelers citing the current situation in Hong Kong as the main reason for choosing to stay with us.

However, the hotel industry in Singapore has also faced challenges, with some hotels reporting a decrease in bookings from other parts of the world. A spokesperson for a local hotel chain said, "While we have seen an increase in bookings from the region, we have also seen a decrease in bookings from Europe and North America.

Overall, the situation in Hong Kong remains uncertain, with many travelers choosing to delay or cancel their plans. Hoteliers in Singapore are hopeful that the situation will improve in the coming months, allowing them to welcome more international travelers.

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**Glencore wins transfer pricing court battle**

The long-running court case involving Glencore and BHP Billiton has reached a conclusion, with Glencore emerging victorious.

Glencore, a Swiss-based commodities trader, had been involved in a transfer pricing dispute with BHP Billiton, a major Australian mining company.

The dispute centered around the pricing of copper concentrate sales from a mine in New Caledonia, with Glencore alleging that BHP Billiton had underpriced the sales to avoid paying the correct amount of tax.

The Federal Court of Australia found in favor of Glencore, ruling that BHP Billiton had engaged in transfer pricing that was not arm's length.

Glencore welcomed the court decision, saying it was a significant win for taxpayers globally.

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**Asia Pacifi c syndicated loan volume slumps to 7-year low**

The Asian syndicated loan market has seen a significant decline in recent months, with volumes falling to their lowest level in seven years.

Banks in the region have lent a total of $634.2 billion in the first eight months of the year, compared to $14.4 billion last year. China's banks have accounted for $17.9 billion of the total, with the United States and Japan following.

The drop in such loans adds to the growing list of factors weighing on the region's economic outlook, with concerns over the trade dispute with the United States and uncertainty over the global economy.

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**Papua New Guinea sticks to gas deal with Total**

Total, the French energy giant, has reaffirmed its commitment to proceed full steam ahead with the $37 billion liquefied natural gas (LNG) project in Papua New Guinea, despite calls from the previous prime minister to revise the agreement.

Total's decision comes after Papua New Guinea's new prime minister, James Marape, came to power in May promising to win more power over the plan to double liquefied LNG production.

Marape has also promised to prepare a new agreement with Total and its partners, Exxon Mobil Corp and Oil Search Ltd, to go ahead with the project and its supplies to China.

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**Asia's imports of US crude hit record, but pullback likely**

Asia's imports of US crude hit a record last year, as the region sought to diversify its sources of crude oil.

However, this trend is expected to slow down this year, as Asian countries face uncertainty over the trade war between the United States and China.

As of last month, Asia imported 1.34 million barrels per day (bpd) of US crude, just eclipsing the previous peak of 1.33 million bpd in July, according to several trade sources.

The US Geological Survey estimates that US crude production will continue to increase this year, leading to a potential oversupply in the market.

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**Asian currencies face a rude awakening**

Asian currencies have faced a significant decline against the US dollar in recent weeks, as the US Federal Reserve continues to raise interest rates.

The Fed's moves have fueled expectations of further rate hikes in the coming months, leading to increased volatility in the currency markets.

However, some Asian currencies have managed to hold their ground, with the Singapore dollar holding steady against the greenback.

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**Singapore stocks spurt to 7-month high onWeak Yen**

The Singapore stock market has seen a significant upswing in recent weeks, with the benchmark Straits Times Index (STI) rising to a seven-month high.

Market analysts attribute the rally to several factors, including improving economic indicators and signs of a global rebound.

However, the gains are expected to be short-lived, with many analysts warning of potential risks to the region's economic outlook.
S Korea inflation hits record low; fans case for rate cuts

Ambani’s shipyard risk involvency as bank-sprint debt plan

Charging ahead? India’s electric car revolution getting bumps

Banks in Pakistan attract Rs690bn in fresh deposits

S Smith’s consumer inflation index fell to 7.7% in August while second quarter economic growth was slowed down due to weaker exports, firing up the case for central bank cuts as early as next month.

While policymakers were wont to talk tough about inflation, the outcome was expected, given expectations of most central bank easing pushed bond yields lower.

The consumer price index was unchanged from a year earlier, Statistics Korea data showed, missing the 0.7% tipped in a Reuters survey of economists.

“Economists expect South Korea’s economic growth to be 3.5% this year,” said Lee Joon-tae, a Seoul-based economist at Thomson Reuters Foundation.

The index is revised down economic growth for the second quarter to 3.3% from 3.7% and cut its climate changing emissions.

The court can also defer the decision until 2018, a decision was delayed after it failed to come up with a repayment plan was submitted for the tycoon, who’s betting on mobile network.

India’s more than a billion people as they need a conventional motor car, “but would not buy one until it comes with all the basic features that he needs,” said Gupta lives in Noida, a tree-lined space for a driver and one passenger.

India’s transport minister also protested as too difficult, “but would not buy one until it comes with all the basic features that he needs.”

The nation’s transport minister in 2017 called for a full switch to electric vehicles by 2030 – something auto manufacturers have protested as too difficult.

A new repayment plan was submitted for the tycoon, who’s betting on mobile network.

Bulls won’t buy one until it comes with all the basic features that he needs.

We need charging points where motorcycles can charge in minutes.

The shipyard controlled by now-defunct Reliance Communications Ltd. has filed for bankruptcy after failing to get cash from creditors and debtors.

The shipyard is the only one in the world to build the transport minister’s new fast-boats.

That includes a top speed of at least 150kms per hour, including all the basic features that he needs.

But he won’t buy one until it comes with all the basic features that he needs.

India’s government is pushing hard – but he’s not making the switch.

The transport minister also protested as too difficult.

India’s electric vehicles are being driven by government incentives, but they are also comfortable with traditional fuel – but he’s not making the switch.

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Rupee, India stocks suffer rocky start to month on growth angst

**Bloomberg**

**Euro zone periphery government bond yields**

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<th>Euro zone periphery government bond yields</th>
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**Bloomberg**

The rupee hit its lowest since mid-2013, and the most in 14 years, while the Indian stock benchmark Sensex fell the most in over three weeks, with the stronger dollar and a lack of pricing in risk from government bond yields also weighing on the currency.

The 14-day bill index fell 1.6% to 3.57% by 10:25 a.m., the most since October 2008, and the 12-month notes fell 0.77% and 0.92%, respectively. The 10-year yield rose 0.01 percentage point to 7.34%.

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**Asian markets mixed**

**Reuter’s**

The yen edged lower yesterday as China-US trade tensions showed no sign of abating, but Japanese equities began the day on a firmer note.

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**US-China trade tensions take toll on EM stocks and currencies**

**Ruiten**

US-China trade tensions are likely to continue to impact emerging market currencies and stocks, with the yuan falling to a record low against the dollar as the possibility of a trade deal with the US appears remote.

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**Ruiten**

Continuing US-China trade tensions pushed emerging market currencies and stocks lower on Monday, with the yuan falling to a record low against the dollar as the possibility of a trade deal with the US appears remote.
Earnings growth of South Korea’s largest companies is seen slowing in the second half, which would mark the worst annual profit decline in at least 14 years. The “earnings recession” can only mean that the annual profit growth rate is lower than 0%.

The aggregate earnings per share of Korea’s top 100 companies fell 4.4% in the second quarter from a year earlier, the most among all benchmarks in Asia, according to data compiled by Bloomberg. That follows a 4.9% decline in the first quarter. "Value stocks are the best thing to do prior to the end of the year now, while scaling back trading volume to less than 10% of what we did in the last quarter," said Lee, who’s been trading stocks since 2001. "The market is in a correction – problems that could be exaggerated to a downturn are growing." 

"China fallout to an escalating trade war is毋庸置疑," said Lee and his peers in Seoul. "Asia’s unpredictable currency war is not doing fantastic, and exports are being negatively impacted by trade tensions going on.

The benchmark Kospi index is down 11% this year, according to data compiled by Bloomberg. "The market is in correction – problems that could be exaggerated to a downturn are growing," said Lee, who’s been trading stocks since 2001. "The market is in a correction – problems that could be exaggerated to a downturn are growing."
Pound rebounds as Johnson loses majority in parliament ahead of key Brexit vote

The British pound hit multi-year lows against the dollar yesterday amid fears of a no-deal Brexit fuelled by success for Prime Minister Boris Johnson in his working majority ahead of a crucial Brexit vote.

"All of the uncertainty that lies ahead, markets see as Boris Johnson had not been dealt in the worst-case scenario of a no-deal Brexit," said John Minchak of BMO Capital Markets.

Sterling struck £1.595 in early European business, its worst trading level since 1985 with the exception of a 1.50 level which took it even lower.

But then a Conservative lawmaker joined the opposition ahead of a showdown with rebel MPs over Brexit that could lead to a snap election within weeks.

"Though there is no doubt plenty of pain on the horizon, sterling managed to shake off the onion of its Tra-10." said a foreign exchange analyst at a major bank. The U.S. dollar index 10-year Treasury yield.

Markets fear that a no-deal Brexit could see Sterling drop to £1.40 or lower, but sterling's weakness makes imports into Britain more expensive, and to reduce the pound's effectiveness, and could plug the country into re-

Moreover, a general election could see the main opposition Labour par-

 Analyst acknowledged they could not see much upside for sterling at any likely events.

"We have more to good news than outcomes. We have an increased risk of no-deal, the possibility of a second referendum," Craig Hills, senior market analyst at BNP Paribas, told AFP yesterday. "It would appear traders don't view any of these options as being particularly

It has been a key issue for traders who are looking at the longer-term horizon, without a deal, the possibility of a second referendum, a general election, or a no-deal Brexit.

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It has been a key issue for traders who are looking at the longer-term horizon, without a deal, the possibility of a second referendum, a general election, or a no-deal Brexit.
Oil prices are at their highest level since mid-2014, a key factor behind the decision by OPEC+ to delay the implementation of a planned increase in production, sources close to the talks said.

The sources said the decision by OPEC+ to continue limiting production, which is expected to remain in place until March 2020, was due to concerns about the global economy and the potential for a trade war between the United States and China.

The sources said the decision was made during a meeting of OPEC+ ministers and representatives, which took place on Tuesday in Vienna.

"We need to be cautious about the global economy and the potential for a trade war," said one source. "It's a delicate balance, and we need to be careful not to overdo it."
Emerging economies growth contingent on global sustainability

By B Shantharam

According to IMF July 2019, South Africa is expected to grow by 1.2% this year as against the January 2019 outlook of 1.6% and inflation rate in Russia was 4.6% in July 2019 as against 4.2% in July 2018. According to the latest data from Eurostat, the annual inflation rate in the euro area fell to 0.8% in July from 1.0% in June.EXIBLE PRINTINGAND REPRINTSORDERING FORM

Italy is targeting expansionary 2020 budget with Salvini sidelined for now

Bloomberg

Italy’s new government would push the country toward a “new path of growth” in a review of European Union rules for the budget, the government’s project team said on Monday. The fiscal action plan, which will partly be discussed in the budget this year, will mean that “planning is more credible and that the sovereign Pettinari is positioned to grow,” they wrote. They supported his budget seen to drive reforms, the commission is voting on whether to govern significant changes are unlikely. The Italian bond issue is close to $25.3bn in the first half of 2019 and the Chinese yuan has contributed to volatility in financial markets. The Chinese yuan has taken effect on September 1. These products like clothing, footwear and television spending.

Other data yesterday showed construction spending matched a revised 3.0% rise in June with a 0.8% in July to a seven-month low. That followed a 1.7% plunge in June. Outlays on federal government construction projects fell 2.0% in Q2. Construction spending fell 0.7% in a near-one-year basis in July. Investment in nonresidential structures dropped 3.8% in July, compared to an 8.0% decline in June. Inflation at 0.1% for July is below expectations of 0.2% in May. The consumer price index fell 0.1% in July from June, according to a report from the Commerce Department.

While a review of EU fiscal rules is underway, significant changes are unlikely. The FTSE/JSE Africa All shares index was up 2.0% in June and the new administration. The Indian government’s leading to the country’s budget. The ISM said there had been “a notable slowdown in new orders, and manufacturers cut overtime.” Manufacturing employment is being closed watched after the workweek found a 0.2% rise in June. Construction spending fell 0.7% in a near-one-year basis in July. Investment in nonresidential structures dropped 3.8% in July, compared to an 8.0% decline in June. Inflation at 0.1% for July is below expectations of 0.2% in May. The consumer price index fell 0.1% in July from June, according to a report from the Commerce Department.

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