Qatar, Pakistan step up efforts for strengthening business ties

Qatar and Pakistan have stepped up their efforts to strengthen and signed bilateral co-operation, particularly in the fields of trade, investment and industry, transport, energy, education, science and technology, and cultural exchange.

The joint commission was discussed at the 5th session of the Qatar-Pakistan joint commission in Doha. It was co-chaired by HE Ali bin Ahmed Al-Kuwari, Minister of Commerce and Industry, and Omar Ayub Khan, Federal Minister for Energy (Oﬀshore) of Pakistan. The co-chairs also held a bilateral meeting. Both countries looked at a long-term and sustainable partnership on sugar beet to explore new areas of co-operation for encouraging trade and investment relations. The joint commission urged private sectors from both countries to undertake investments aimed at increasing trade and enhancing economic growth.

Both sides emphasized on the importance of activating the Qatari-Pakistani Joint Business Council. It was agreed to finalize the meeting of joint working groups on trade and investment based on the memorandum of understanding signed by both countries. Both sides agreed on increasing linking trade fairs and exhibitions in both countries.

Al-Kaabi meets with Finland’s Minister for Development Co-operation

Baladna, a Qatar public shareholding company under incorporation announced that its subsidiary Baladna Food Industries (BFI) has received significant investment in new state-of-the-art facilities at Al-Hawaya in northern Qatar. The investment comes in Baladna as it announced an IPO on Qatar’s Doha Exchange and expected to finance the company's rapid growth and expansions. Following the blockade to June 2017 Baladna embarked on an extensive programme of significant investment in infrastructure development, plant and machinery to increase production capacity and to have full self-sufficiency in dairy and processed food products.

As majority now consists of two separate dairy farms, two packing areas, two dairy and juice factories, a pet foods factory, a water treatment facility, and a compact packaging facility. Before this, the company expanded and modernized the dairy factory, which has a maximum daily capacity of 700,000 litres, and a juice factory, which can process 250,000 litres per day. The expansion of production facilities has also resulted in the construction of 40,000 litres for juices and 100,000 litres for dairy. In addition, the investment has enabled Baladna to establish a cutting-edge packaging facility that will be fully operational in the second half of 2019.

The joint commission also encouraged establishing trade fairs and exhibitions in both countries. The two sides also discussed co-operation through the QFC. It was agreed to finalize holding trade fairs and exhibitions in both countries. The joint commission urged private sectors from both countries to undertake investments aimed at increasing trade and enhancing economic growth.

Both sides emphasized on the importance of activating the Qatari-Pakistani Joint Business Council. It was agreed to finalize the meeting of joint working groups on trade and investment based on the memorandum of understanding signed by both countries. Both sides agreed on increasing linking trade fairs and exhibitions in both countries.
**Industrialists and banking sectors help QSE cross 10,300 with ease**

On Monday, Qatar’s main equity market continued its ascent to new heights, with the Total Return Index (Dow Jones) rising to 10,300 points. This marked the first time the index has crossed the psychologically significant 10,000 mark in the past three years. The advance was supported by robust volumes, with trade activity reaching QR17.3 million and 416 deals, marking a 26% increase in deals and a 40% shrinkage in trade volume compared to last Tuesday. The benchmark index stood at QR4.57 million, up 57% in value and 54% in volume from QR2.83 million and 32% in value to QR17.3 million and 26% in deals to 416.

The market witnessed a 41% surge in the financial services sector’s trade volume, QR11.95 million on the back of increased buying interests, with a 40% shrinkage in trade volume to 2.83 million shares, 32% in value to QR17.3 million and 26% in deals to 416. The banks sector also witnessed a 41% surge in the Total Return Index, gaining QR11.95 million on the back of increased buying interests, with a 40% shrinkage in trade volume to 2.83 million shares, 32% in value to QR17.3 million and 26% in deals to 416.

The energy sector’s trade volume declined 1.79% and 0.03% respectively, with 759,000 shares traded in five deals. Meanwhile, the telecommunications sector’s trade volume increased 65% to 3.54 million shares, marking a 26% jump in value to QR0.44 million and 18% in deals to 8,623.

However, the telecom sector’s trading volumes peaked due to a surge in trades and a decline in deals. The market capitalisation declined 1.79% to QR7.29 million, against its previous day’s QR13.39 million against QR3.17 million.

The market capitalisation is about 80% of the total volume.

The T OTAL RETURN INDEX gained 1.01% to 10,300 points, with the All Shari’a Index gaining 1.34% to 3,440 points in 91 deals. The All Shariah Excl. Financials Index declined 1.28% to QR2.71 million.

The indexes scored 1.11%, while the All Indices gained 1.01% and 1.02% respectively.

There was a 53% plunge in the real estate sector’s trade volume by 12.26 million shares, 21% in value to QR67.1 million and 41% in deals to 3,420.

The transport and hotel sector’s trade volume increased 41% to 1.12 million shares, marking a 38% decline in trade volume to 2.12 million shares, 41% in value to QR3.9 million and 16% in deals to 1,263.

The banks sector also witnessed a 41% surge in the Total Return Index, gaining QR11.95 million on the back of increased buying interests, with a 40% shrinkage in trade volume to 2.83 million shares, 32% in value to QR17.3 million and 26% in deals to 416.

The benchmark index stood at QR4.57 million, up 57% in value and 54% in volume from QR2.83 million and 32% in value to QR17.3 million and 26% in deals to 416.

**The major news**

* Qatar Alumina Manufacturing Company (QAMCO) has appointed Khalid Mohamed Laram as chief executive officer (CEO), which QAMCO took a decision to appoint after the departure of the previous CEO, Ali Al-Mulla.

* The Qatar General Authority for Meteorology and Environment (QGME) has announced that the capital city is under an orange alert for dust due to high-speed winds, with gusts reaching 70km per hour.

* The central bank's request comes months after Lebanon’s central bank instructed banks to boost their high-quality capital and prepare for possible external shocks, saying “pressing societal demands and continued political instability could backfire by weakening public confidence in the banking sector.”

* The Secretary-General of the Institute of International Finance (IIF) has said that Lebanon’s B- grade on negative watch hinges on political stability and the presentation of OPEC’s annual report. The secretary-general has also said that any urgency for more aggressive action may be delaying its fate too early to say whether market actually will be overestimated despite the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) forecasts that the country’s GDP will shrink by 0.5% and 0.4% respectively in 2020.

* The Secretary-General of the Institute of International Finance (IIF) has said that Lebanon’s B- grade on negative watch hinges on political stability and the presentation of OPEC’s annual report. The secretary-general has also said that any urgency for more aggressive action may be delaying its fate too early to say whether market actually will be overestimated despite the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) forecasts that the country’s GDP will shrink by 0.5% and 0.4% respectively in 2020.

* The Secretary-General of the Institute of International Finance (IIF) has said that Lebanon’s B- grade on negative watch hinges on political stability and the presentation of OPEC’s annual report. The secretary-general has also said that any urgency for more aggressive action may be delaying its fate too early to say whether market actually will be overestimated despite the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) forecasts that the country’s GDP will shrink by 0.5% and 0.4% respectively in 2020.

* The Secretary-General of the Institute of International Finance (IIF) has said that Lebanon’s B- grade on negative watch hinges on political stability and the presentation of OPEC’s annual report. The secretary-general has also said that any urgency for more aggressive action may be delaying its fate too early to say whether market actually will be overestimated despite the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) forecasts that the country’s GDP will shrink by 0.5% and 0.4% respectively in 2020.

* The Secretary-General of the Institute of International Finance (IIF) has said that Lebanon’s B- grade on negative watch hinges on political stability and the presentation of OPEC’s annual report. The secretary-general has also said that any urgency for more aggressive action may be delaying its fate too early to say whether market actually will be overestimated despite the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) forecasts that the country’s GDP will shrink by 0.5% and 0.4% respectively in 2020.

* The Secretary-General of the Institute of International Finance (IIF) has said that Lebanon’s B- grade on negative watch hinges on political stability and the presentation of OPEC’s annual report. The secretary-general has also said that any urgency for more aggressive action may be delaying its fate too early to say whether market actually will be overestimated despite the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) forecasts that the country’s GDP will shrink by 0.5% and 0.4% respectively in 2020.

* The Secretary-General of the Institute of International Finance (IIF) has said that Lebanon’s B- grade on negative watch hinges on political stability and the presentation of OPEC’s annual report. The secretary-general has also said that any urgency for more aggressive action may be delaying its fate too early to say whether market actually will be overestimated despite the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) forecasts that the country’s GDP will shrink by 0.5% and 0.4% respectively in 2020.

* The Secretary-General of the Institute of International Finance (IIF) has said that Lebanon’s B- grade on negative watch hinges on political stability and the presentation of OPEC’s annual report. The secretary-general has also said that any urgency for more aggressive action may be delaying its fate too early to say whether market actually will be overestimated despite the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) forecasts that the country’s GDP will shrink by 0.5% and 0.4% respectively in 2020.

* The Secretary-General of the Institute of International Finance (IIF) has said that Lebanon’s B- grade on negative watch hinges on political stability and the presentation of OPEC’s annual report. The secretary-general has also said that any urgency for more aggressive action may be delaying its fate too early to say whether market actually will be overestimated despite the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) forecasts that the country’s GDP will shrink by 0.5% and 0.4% respectively in 2020.

* The Secretary-General of the Institute of International Finance (IIF) has said that Lebanon’s B- grade on negative watch hinges on political stability and the presentation of OPEC’s annual report. The secretary-general has also said that any urgency for more aggressive action may be delaying its fate too early to say whether market actually will be overestimated despite the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) forecasts that the country’s GDP will shrink by 0.5% and 0.4% respectively in 2020.

* The Secretary-General of the Institute of International Finance (IIF) has said that Lebanon’s B- grade on negative watch hinges on political stability and the presentation of OPEC’s annual report. The secretary-general has also said that any urgency for more aggressive action may be delaying its fate too early to say whether market actually will be overestimated despite the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) forecasts that the country’s GDP will shrink by 0.5% and 0.4% respectively in 2020.
Qatar and Hungary chambers discuss developing ties in various sectors

Qatar Chamber and Hungarian Chamber of Commerce and Industry discussed the strengthening of co-operation in various fields of trade, and ways to establish partnership in sectors including infrastructure, agricultural industries and others.

Qatar Chamber and Hungarian Chamber of Commerce and Industry discussed the strengthening of co-operation in various fields of trade, and ways to establish partnership in sectors including infrastructure, agricultural industries and others.

China’s central bank cuts loan rate for first time since 2016

China's central bank cut the inter-bank loan rate for the first time in more than three years on Wednesday, taking steps to shore up slowing economy hit by weaker demand from home and abroad.

Analysts said the cut, while modest, may be a sign the central bank is working to support the world’s second-largest economy following warnings that higher inflation will make it harder to fund virus-hit industries.

Chinese government bonds had sold off on recent weeks on concerns that the economy is turning to a more cautious policy stance, despite a sharp rebound in industrial output growth.

The People’s Bank of China (PBoC) said it had lent 400 billion yuan ($61.6 billion) via a seven-day term lending facility (MLF) loans to financial institutions by not issuing targeted medium-term lending facility (MLF) loans to financial institutions by not issuing targeted medium-term lending facility (MLF) loans to financial institutions.

It is linked to the MLF rate and is published in the 20th of every month.

He said, senior sovereign markets experienced at Commerzbank in Singapore, the cut, while "very small" sends a message to the PBoC that it does not want the market to doubt its will to support the economy.

The PBoC said it had lent 540 billion yuan via the MLF facilities in February, slightly lower than China's 543.2 billion yuan in January.

PBOC economists said in a note that the move would signal to the markets that a pause in monetary easing since September was over.

China's central bank said on Wednesday that it had cut a key interest rate for the first time since 2016, a move economists had long said was needed to shore up its one- dimensional monetary policy, linking the MLF rate to the benchmark 1-year LPR.

The cut follows a string of easing measures that the PBOC had used since mid-June to prop up a slowing economy hit by weaker demand from home and abroad.

It has cut benchmark interest rates and loan rates for the first time since early 2016, as policymakers work to prop up a slowing economy hit by weaker demand from home and abroad.

China's current account surplus has been more than halved in the past quarter, it said, but that it was not enough to support exports, a view echoed by many economists.

Chinas central bank will hold back by shrinking consumer inflation, which has jumped to near 10-year highs largely due to rising pork prices.

In the wake of ongoing Azadi protests, the government had been under pressure to publish data on the state of economic growth, and the latest figures showed a slower pace than expected.

Pakistan Arif Usmani, Shahid Afridi, President National Bank (HBL), President National Bank (HBL), President National Bank (HBL), President National Bank (HBL), President National Bank (HBL), President National Bank (HBL), President National Bank (HBL), President National Bank (HBL)

He praised China for helping Pakistan in its energy needs.

He said that the share of China currency in Pakistan’s import and export had increased significantly since the last three years.

He said that the volume of ICBC increased by 200% in last three years.

He said that the volume of ICBC increased by 200% in last three years.

He said that the volume of ICBC increased by 200% in last three years.

He said that the volume of ICBC increased by 200% in last three years.

He said that the volume of ICBC increased by 200% in last three years.
Asian markets end higher on record lead from Wall Street

The S&P BSE Sensex Index fell 0.1% to 30,219.80 points. Meanwhile, a Bloomberg News article stated that Chinese officials were considering 15% rates since September 1.

Bloomberg

In early trade, London and Paris each gained 11.36%.

The MSCI EM currencies index jumped in net ETF inflows, continuing a jump in net ETF inflows, continuing the trend.

At the time of writing, the precious metal has meandered sideways, trading in a narrow range.

Asian markets end higher on record lead from Wall Street

Gold trust Investment in gold has been strong, with the precious metal has meandered sideways, trading in a narrow range, between $1565 and $1570 an ounce since September 2019. The price of gold has been influenced by several factors, including geopolitical tensions, economic indicators, and liquidity in the global market.

Bloomberg

Gold Trust have been buying gold for many years, making it one of the most popular forms of gold investment. The demand for gold has been driven by several factors, including geopolitical tensions, economic indicators, and liquidity in the global market.
Chinese AI giant weighs IPO delay on US blacklist concerns

China’s Megvii Technology Ltd is considering whether to delay its initial public offering (IPO) given uncertainty over whether it can secure its existing $4bn valuation while on an American blacklist, according to people familiar with the matter. Megvii is considering whether to delay its initial public offering given uncertainty over whether it can secure its existing $4bn valuation while on an American blacklist, according to people familiar with the matter.

While they try to get off the US “Entity List,” which only offers access to key American technology, the people said, requesting not to be named because the matter is private, investors are hesitant to buy shares and Megvii may have trouble securing even a $3bn valuation, one of the people said.

Megvii, which makes facial-recognition technology, is among China’s leading technology startups, but its fortunes have been thrown into jeopardy after the Trump administration blacklisted them over alleged involvement in human rights abuses against Muslim minorities in China.

“The US is trying to get the blacklisting and say they have done nothing wrong,” Megvii, backed by Alibaba Group Holding Ltd and SoftBank Ventures, was valued at about $10bn in its latest funding round, was suspected of having a firm in Xinjiang involved in alleged abuses.

Megvii said in its filings that it has “strongly objected” to the US blacklisting and that the company complies with all regulations in the matters it operates.

“Having your name on the list reflects a misunderstanding of our company and our technology, and we will be engaging with the US government on this issue,” the company said when the blacklist was announced. Goldman Sachs Group Inc, JPMorgan Chase & Co and Morgan Stanley are the underwriters for Megvii’s IPO. Megvii’s IPO was supposed to be China’s artificial intelligence industry’s initial public offering on the global stage.

Uncertainty is mounting amid months-long anti-government protests in Hong Kong and increasing scrutiny from the US.

Chinese AI has raised hackles in Washington the other element of the country’s corporate machine, in part because of the writer of headlines daily proclaiming how it may outgun the US. Investors are eager to exploit the emerging market for autonomous driving and robot workers to local technological companies like Megvii and SenseTime are joined by established players including Baidu, Nio Inc and Didi Chuxing in an effort that’s intended to seal China’s place at the nexus of the modern global economy.

China is the most technologically advanced nation in the world but also has widespread military, security and political implications,” said Mark Twain, influential investor in the country’s tech space.

“China is one of the most forward-thinking in tech leadership, and also has widespread military, security and political implications. China is one of the most powerful nations in the world.”

“The US companies are also threatened by the rise of China AI as it is the next frontier in tech leadership, and also has widespread military, security and political implications,” said Mark Twain, influential investor in the country’s tech space.

China’s National Committee for the Promotion of Science decided to be delivering policies that support, fund and purchase Chinese AI services. No final decision has been made and Megvii is still planning to hold a listing hearing this month in Hong Kong, the people said. It’s still early in the process and discussions around valuations remain fluid. A representative for Megvii declined to comment.

Megvii filed its IPO documents in August and may need to raise at least 3.39bn yuan ($553.8m) in its initial public offering (IPO), according to people familiar with the matter.

Megvii filed its IPO documents in August and may need to raise at least 3.39bn yuan ($553.8m) in its initial public offering (IPO), according to people familiar with the matter.

A screen demonstrates facial recognition technology at the Megvii Company booth at the MWC Shanghai exhibition (file). Megvii is considering whether to delay its initial public offering given uncertainty over whether it can secure its existing $4bn valuation while on an American blacklist, according to people familiar with the matter. Megvii filed its IPO documents in August and may need to raise at least 3.39bn yuan ($553.8m) in its initial public offering (IPO), according to people familiar with the matter.

Megvii filed its IPO documents in August and may need to raise at least 3.39bn yuan ($553.8m) in its initial public offering (IPO), according to people familiar with the matter.

A screen demonstrates facial-recognition technology at the Megvii Company booth at the MWC Shanghai exhibition (file). Megvii is considering whether to delay its initial public offering given uncertainty over whether it can secure its existing $4bn valuation while on an American blacklist, according to people familiar with the matter.
Global stock markets posted modest gains yesterday as dogged trade optimism and a positive US-China trade outlook lifted Asian equities. The Nikkei 225 was up 0.5% to close at 22,447.80, while the Hang Seng index gained 0.2% to 26,248.84.

Global bourses had sailed higher on Monday as investors bet that a breakthrough in US-China trade talks was in sight. China’s one-year lending rate, a key rate that influences consumer and business borrowing, fell to 4.25% from 4.30% previously. The cut was seen as a sign of further easing by the People’s Bank of China to support the economy.

Taking a cue from the US, European stock markets also rose on a reported easing in China’s one-year lending rate, while London traders welcomed a survey that showed Britain’s service sector activity had avoided contraction in December. The FTSE 100 was up 0.3% to close at 7,388.08; the DAX added 0.6% to 11,623.65.

Global business had sailed higher on Monday on anticipation that economic superpowers China and the United States were close to striking a deal that would end a more than year-long trade dispute. Those gains were buttressed yesterday by reports that US President Donald Trump sought to ease some tariffs on Chinese goods. “Put simply, it has been another good day,” said Russell King, market analyst at Exness.

Markets also rose on a reported easing in China’s one-year lending rate, while London traders welcomed a survey that showed Britain’s service sector activity had avoided contraction in December. The FTSE 100 was up 0.3% to close at 7,388.08; the DAX added 0.6% to 11,623.65.

Global business had sailed higher on Monday on anticipation that economic superpowers China and the United States were close to striking a deal that would end a more than year-long trade dispute. Those gains were buttressed yesterday by reports that US President Donald Trump sought to ease some tariffs on Chinese goods. “Put simply, it has been another good day,” said Russell King, market analyst at Exness.

Markets also rose on a reported easing in China’s one-year lending rate, while London traders welcomed a survey that showed Britain’s service sector activity had avoided contraction in December. The FTSE 100 was up 0.3% to close at 7,388.08; the DAX added 0.6% to 11,623.65.

Global business had sailed higher on Monday on anticipation that economic superpowers China and the United States were close to striking a deal that would end a more than year-long trade dispute. Those gains were buttressed yesterday by reports that US President Donald Trump sought to ease some tariffs on Chinese goods. “Put simply, it has been another good day,” said Russell King, market analyst at Exness.

Markets also rose on a reported easing in China’s one-year lending rate, while London traders welcomed a survey that showed Britain’s service sector activity had avoided contraction in December. The FTSE 100 was up 0.3% to close at 7,388.08; the DAX added 0.6% to 11,623.65.
Newmont Goldcorp reported a 14% rise in net income to $594.7mn, or $5.86 per share, in the quarter ended September 30 from $537.9mn a year earlier. Revenue rose 9% to $987 per ounce in the quarter due to a ramp up in production from new mines. It forecast adjusted earnings per share to fall in the fourth quarter.
**Germany boosts car-electric incentives to stimulate demand**

Germany's economy is getting a much-needed boost from an increase in car-electric incentives, which are expected to help stimulate demand and revive the country's struggling auto industry. This move comes as the German government seeks to accelerate the transition to electric vehicles and combat climate change. The increased incentives are expected to make electric cars more affordable and accessible to consumers, encouraging more people to make the switch. This is a significant step towards achieving the country's goal of becoming a leader in the electric vehicle market and reducing its dependence on fossil fuels. With this strategy, Germany is not only investing in its own future but also supporting the global transition to sustainable mobility. The increased spending on electric cars is expected to create jobs and boost economic growth, making it a win-win situation for both the environment and the economy. The German government's commitment to green initiatives continues to set an example for other countries around the world. By taking bold steps to combat climate change, Germany is demonstrating that it is possible to balance economic growth with environmental sustainability. The world looks on with interest to see how this strategic move will shape the future of the German auto industry and the broader European economy.
**World Incubation Summit 2019 in Doha aims to build ‘innovative ecosystems’**

**Milaha showcases its digital transformation at Qatar Silk Road Exhibition**

The ongoing World Incubation Summit 2019 in Doha is being held under the patronage of His Excellency Prime Minister and Minister of Interior Sheikh Abdullah bin Nasser bin Khalifa al-Thani. The summit is being held under the patronage of HE Sheikh Abdullah bin Nasser bin Khalifa al-Thani.

The second fastest growing region in the world, the Middle East and North Africa, is testament to the depth and powerlist: Middle East 2019’

The Qatar Financial Centre’s (QFC) chief legal officer Nasser Fawzi al-Mahroos has been named in the Qatar’s ‘GC Powerlist: Middle East’ for over 30 years, The Legal 500 has been analysing the influential in-house legal departments of the world's leading companies.

For the first time in Qatar, a 2% monthly profit rate is available on Murabaha basis, with an option to pay a minimum payment of 5% for a better solution, which is mainly targeted at small and medium enterprises that can compete in global markets.

Credit to private sector shot up more than 2% to QR123.01bn, while that to the public sector declined 0.2% to QR144.48bn. This is linked to the increase in the use of credit to the tradefinance sector, which witnessed a huge 30% increase to QR30.7bn.

In the case of credit to the government sector, credit continued at about 10% of the total domestic credit. Credit to the commercial and industrial sector also witnessed a 2% increase to QR47.24bn with investment corporate companies getting the most at QR37.4bn and investment funds getting QR9.8bn.

However, credit to the private sector jumped 2%, which contributed more than 25% of the total domestic credit in September 2019. Much of the credit towards real estate sector came from QR31.7bn and public sector QR34.6bn with an increase of 26% in the total domestic credit.

Within the sector, credit to government agencies for direct financing amounted to QR13.0bn, while the rest to financial services amounted to QR27.4bn with investment corporate companies getting the most at QR20.6bn and investment funds getting QR6.8bn.

The credit to the real estate sector jumped 2%, which contributed more than 25% of the total domestic credit in September 2019. Much of the credit towards real estate sector came from QR31.7bn and public sector QR34.6bn with an increase of 26% in the total domestic credit.

Credit to the Ministry of Finance was QR3.7bn and others QR1.3bn. The industrials sector recorded 2.5% year-on-year in credit to QR47.2bn. Within the sector, credit to manufacturing QR19.1bn, mining QR3.6bn, and real estate QR1.4bn.

QIB’s co-branded corporate credit cards offer many benefits to businesses

QIB (Islamic Bank) (QIB) and Mastercard introduce new co-branded corporate credit card in Qatar. The card is specifically designed for corporate clients and small and medium enterprises to manage their purchases, travel expenses, and other business costs.

The new cards offer various benefits, such as easy and secure access to credit, excellent language support, a wide range of local and international merchants, and preferential rates for corporate clients.

The card also offers an option to carry an extended travel insurance policy, which can be activated by simply activating the card and ensuring a travel date is entered.

The new partnership between QIB and Mastercard is a significant step forward in providing better financial solutions and services to businesses in Qatar. With the increasing importance of technology in the world of business, the co-branded corporate credit card is an excellent example of how financial institutions are adapting to changing needs and demands of businesses.