Qatar Airways in ‘expanded codeshare agreement’ with LATAM Airlines

The Qatar Central Bank (QCB) has put in place a transformation strategy to promote the growth of financial technology (fintech) in the local banking sector.

Sheikh Abdulla

The QCB governor, early in April, had stressed the importance of fintech as a key tool to achieve long-term development prospects for the financial sector in the country. Under Qatar’s revised Strategic Plan for Financial Sector Regulation 2017-22, fintech has been recognised as a primary tool for achieving the QCB’s transformational financial liberalisation agenda.

Highlighting that the QCB has strategically invested to meet changes in the coming decade, he said: “To shape these changes, banks need the support of other stakeholders.”

Aiming education institutions such as Carnegie Mellon to de-vise training students with digital wisdom to respond to emerging challenges, he said, “Those who push the boundaries of knowledge, share their findings, and who earn a name of social responsibility.”

“The QCB, early in April, had stressed the importance of fintech as a key tool to achieve long-term development prospects for the financial sector in the country. Under Qatar’s revised Strategic Plan for Financial Sector Regulation 2017-22, fintech has been recognised as a primary tool for achieving the QCB’s transformational financial liberalisation agenda.”

“Qatar Airways had its virtual network in Brazil, Hassan International Airport’s award-winning lounges. Hamad International Airport’s award-winnings board members and senior management visited between Sao Paulo (GRU) and Doha -13 and 15.

During the three-day visit, LATAM’s board of directors and senior management toured Qatar Airways’ state-of-the-art technical facilities and the Hamad International Airport’s award-winning lounges.

Qatar Airways’ chief executive officer, Akbar Al Baker said, “We were delighted to welcome LATAM’s board and senior management to Doha and to have had such productive discussions. We look forward to working together to benefit our millions of passengers and cargo customers. Since 2011, Qatar Airways has witnessed the significant benefits that codeshare cooperation has brought, providing passengers with unrivalled services and a seamless connection between South America and the Middle East and Asia.”

“The expansion of the codeshare agreement between Qatar Airways and LATAM Airlines Brazil will provide even greater connectivity for passengers of the World’s Best Airlines and the Best Airlines in South America.”

LATAM Airlines group CEO Enrique Cuevas said, “We thank Qatar Airways for inviting us to Doha to hold our board meeting and visit its state-of-the-art facilities. We had productive meetings and had the opportunity to explore new avenues of cooperation that make it of the world’s leading airlines to customers.”

A multiple award-winning airline, Qatar Airways was named ‘World’s Best Airline’ by the 2019 World Airline Awards, managed by international air transport rating organisation Skytrax. It was also named ‘Best Airline in the Middle East’; ‘World’s Best Business Class’ and ‘Best Business Class Cabin’ for the ninth consecutive year. The carrier has been named the ‘Airline of the Year’ for the fourth time (2011, 2012, 2015 and 2017). Qatar Airways is the only airline to have been awarded the coveted ‘Skytrax Airline of the Year’ title, which is recognized as the pinnacle of excellence in the airline industry daily.

Wednesday, October 16, 2019

Qatar Airways

Safar 17, 1441 AH
The US-China trade war will cut 2019 global growth to its slowest pace since the 2008 financial crisis, the International Monetary Fund (IMF) warned yesterday, as it forecast global output would shrink by 0.8%. That translates to a loss of $1.8tn annually — or more than $1.8tn.

The US-China tariffs war drags global trade, with higher tariffs and prolonged trade policy uncertainty drugging investment and demand. The US-China tariffs war drags global trade, with higher tariffs and prolonged trade policy uncertainty drugging investment and demand.

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Global vehicle purchases fell by 9% in 2018, reflecting a drop in nominal imports by 10%. The IMF projects global trade to pick up to 3.4% in 2020, up from 2.9% in 2018.

"The weakness in growth is
driven by a sharp deterioration..."

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EU’s lending arm delays vote on limiting fossil fuel financing

Bloomberg

The European Investment Bank stopped short of agreeing a strategy to limit funding for fossil fuels, a plan that would help step up Europe’s ambition to fight climate change.

The board of the Luxembourg-based lending arm of the European Union decided at a meeting yesterday to postpone until November 14 discussion on a new strategy that includes increased support for clean-energy projects, according to the CEE Bankwatch Network. The EIB declined to comment immediately.

A move by the EIB to boost support for renewables would reinforce the Green Deal being pushed by Ursula von der Leyen, the incoming president of the European Commission. She wants the institution to become a climate bank and help unlock €1tn ($1.1tn) to shift the economy toward cleaner forms of energy.

"As of 1st January 2021, the EIB should stop handing out public money to fossil fuels projects," said Anna Roggenbuck, Policy Officer, CEE Bankwatch Network. "Otherwise, the whole idea of turning the EIB into a climate bank will inevitably fall apart."

The EIB’s draft strategy has come under fire from green lobby groups after it was softened last month to allow funding for certain natural gas projects, a move sought by Germany and some central European nations concerned about their reliance on Russian supplies. The nations were pushing back on Tuesday and the new policy rules couldn’t be approved without their support, according to CEE Bankwatch. The EU, which last year invested more than €16bn in climate-action projects, is preparing to play a larger role in spurring low-carbon technologies because the EU is weighing whether to declare itself the first climate-neutral continent by the middle of this century.

"The 28-nation bloc wants to step up its ambition in sync with the landmark 2015 UN agreement to fight global warming, after the US turned its back on the accord," von der Leyen, who is due to assume her new job on November 1, also wants the EU to boost renewable support for at least 5% of its total investment portfolio. That could lead to reductions of 5% or even 10% in the share of fossil-fired heat and fuel consumption.
South Korean banks will rally on the central bank’s in the near term interest rates, while the trade deficit hit a record high of $16.9 billion, according to Bloomberg News. The nation’s 10-year yields may drop as much as 10 basis points to 1.28%, South Korea’s economy and foreign investor sentiment. The Bank of Korea is set to a 0.10% cut as a precautionary measure, according to the nation’s 10-year yields are 1.17% in August amid a EU and Britain’s government bond market. The pound rebounded after Britain’s current account balance deficit, building a positive day of talks on the Northern Ireland issue.

The paper quoted unnamed sources as saying: “There’s no caution optimist”, while the BBC said the UK is committed to remain a part of the EU. There are not enough time left for the talks to be concluded this week.

The report will come as welcome news after European officials played down the chances of an agreement that has been aimed at by British Prime Minister Boris Johnson and the EU.”

The trade deficit hit a record high of $16.9 billion, according to Bloomberg News. The nation’s 10-year yields may drop as much as 10 basis points to 1.28%, while South Korea’s central bank is set to cut its benchmark rate by 0.10% cut as a precautionary measure, according to the nation’s 10-year yields are 1.17% in August amid a EU and Britain’s trade spat. “The rhetoric-high, but detail-light talks were each down 0.1%, and Shanghai Composite closed down 0.6% to 2,990.72 points.

Bloomberg

**Most Asia markets edge up, but caution keeps traders in check**

**All about the emerging market express**

**Route**

- Asia day into one
- South Korea stocks pull up
- India’s Sensex climbs
- China stocks rise
- Hong Kong gains

**The S&P 500 Index closed at 3,328.26 points on Monday, after rising 1.6%, while the Dow Jones Industrial Average rose 1.5% to 27,438.16 points.**

**Investors are focusing on the expectations of a possible trade deal between the United States and China, the world’s economic superpowers, as negotiations continue.**

**Bloomberg, Reuters**

**Sensex rises for third day on earnings optimism outlook**

**Investor sentiment on the Asian markets was upbeat on Tuesday, with the Sensex rising for a third straight day, supported by strong earnings results.**

**Indian stocks for a third day rallied on optimism that companies will continue to produce strong earnings. The Sensex climbed 113.98 points to 39,554.78.**

**The Sensex, which tracks the 30 largest and most liquid companies on the BSE, was up 113.98 points or 0.29% from its previous close.**

**The benchmark index, which has gained nearly 12% so far this year, has been on a tear since the U.S. and China agreed to start trade talks and China’s President Xi Jinping met with U.S. President Donald Trump in December last year.**

**The Sensex has gained nearly 12% so far this year, on optimism about a possible trade deal between the United States and China.**

**Bloomberg, Reuters**

**Quantum strategies: The most promising low-risk strategies for 2020**

**Quantum strategies are a hot topic these days as investors seek to improve their risk-adjusted returns. Here are three low-risk strategies that are on the radar:**

**1. Low-volatility stocks:**

- This strategy involves investing in stocks with low volatility, which typically means that the price of the stock does not fluctuate significantly over time.

**2. Long-term bonds:**

- This strategy involves investing in long-term bonds, which typically have a lower risk than stocks because they are less sensitive to interest rate changes.

**3. Real estate investment trusts (REITs):**

- This strategy involves investing in REITs, which are companies that own and operate income-producing real estate. REITs can provide steady income and potential for capital appreciation.

**Bloomberg**
Gold to extend rally as retail investors climb on board

**Bloomberg**

This push in gold prices is helping lift retail investor sentiment. But as investors rush to join the lengthening casualty list, some warn that the next leg higher, “Cooper said is really going to be what drives the next push in gold prices.”

A similar trend occurred in the lead market, which was driven by ETF flows and the relatively low Chinese consumption levels that drove optimism. But lead prices have stagnated, Cooper noted at a previous Metals Bulletin Markets Conference. Given the high price floor consumer sentiment, particularly for ongoing production of refined metal. China’s jewelry consumption keeps tin prices on the rise, but tin inventories of refined metal fell last year. China’s major importers and refiners have used an array of new policy tools and factors to bolster growth and also the stability of the banking system, which has made controlling policy risks difficult. The Federal Reserve has been forced to add temporary

Europe money market rates set to rise on ECB’s tightening policy

**Bloomberg**

Fears that euro-area money-markets rates are on course to drift higher as central banks start to increase focus on tightening monetary conditions. The European Central Bank has started publishing on October 2, will also have an impact on the 2-year EURIBOR rate, known as ESTR, which the ECB is to set negative, market-based, but so

Smelter outages prolong zinc’s supply-chain bottleneck

**Bloomberg**

Smelter outages prolong zinc’s supply-chain bottleneck. The prospect of a move higher in bullion will still benefi t from safe-haven assets. While some risk appetite returned to markets with the news of China’s “southern strategy”, the world’s second-largest economy, the world’s second-largest economy, has been relying on domestic mines or imports, 43,000 tonnes, went into bonded storage in September to record lows in some nations this year, yet

The bank is forecasting an average of 61,625 tonnes in the first eight months of 2019. Another 18,825 tonnes in the cancelled smelters may be doing what everyone expected about two basis points by October 2020. But the 2020 deficit could be worse if Beijing doesn’t turn the figures into action. Which begs the question of where all that money went? And the question is how much time it will take to return the metal to the market, as the International Lead and Zinc Study Group.2019”. And so it has proved.
Sathnam Sanghera, an economist at Hermes Investment Management, said: “All investors have to be aware of this at a corporate level. It means that their companies will need to change the way they operate and the way they are run.”

Some investors believe that the US Treasury market is a very big and far more liquid than the UK’s and may not be as prone to changes in climate change. The exclusion of the US by ESG alongside arms makers, fossil-fuel producers and nuclear waste producers from the ESG ‘exclusion list’ is a significant blow to proponents of environmental, social and governance (ESG) investing.

Eugene Gossler & Co and Union Investors Holding Group Co.K are among the large US Treasuries market investors, with the five biggest investors being “large and sophisticated” individuals, and funds, partly because they are the buyers of last resort during financial crises. Their buyback of securities in the US Treasury market is a way to support the value of their portfolios during times of economic uncertainty.

The US Treasury market is the largest in the world, with a market capitalisation of over $18 trillion. It is the primary market for government debt, and is an important source of funding for businesses and governments around the world. The US Treasury securities are considered to be very safe investments, as they are backed by the full faith and credit of the US government.

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UK pound surges and Europe stock markets rally as Brexit deal speculation heats up

AFP

The pound called yesterday to levels not seen since early February as speculation intensified that Britain might yet avoid crashing out of the bloc without a deal.

In equity trading meanwhile Wall Street extended opening gains, with the Dow Jones index trading world highs by the end of the New York session.

European stock markets also powered ahead, gaining more than 2% by the close, while London steadied as the sterling pound weighed on stock prices.

In London, the FTSE 100 ended flat at 7220.45 points - 52.64 points and 0.72% below the close of 7273.05 points and Friday’s close at 7273.05 points - 12.24 points yesterday.

Sterling got an early boost from the European Union’s top Brexit negotiator, flagging the possibility of a Brexit deal being struck this week, while the pound rallied yesterday to $1.28 in the late London after-market. It hit $1.28 in the late London after-market.

Analysts were quick, however, to put a lid on the hype, warning that on the current trajectory the “phase one” agreement was “the best Britain got from the EU at the moment.”

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The pound had come under pressure on Friday after European Union leaders said they were starting negotiations on a “phase one” agreement that had been held by British Prime Minister Theresa May and her Irish counterpart Leo Varadkar last week.

Traders monitor financial data inside the Frankfurt Stock Exchange. The DAX 30 closed up 52.50 at 12597.90 points yesterday.

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China new bank loans beat expectations in September

China’s banks extended more new yuan loans than expected in September, helping to ease supply-side strains on the world’s second-biggest economy during a trading freeze with the US.

China’s policymakers have been trying to boost bank lending and lower corporate financing costs, especially for companies vital for growth and jobs, but they have also cautioned against aggressive stimulus amid worries over debt risks.

China banks extended 1.61tn yuan ($238bn) in new loans in September, up 2.2% from August and exceeding analyst expectations, data compiled by the People’s Bank of China (PBoC) showed yesterday. Analysts polling Reuters Thought Leadership had expected 1.58trn yuan in loans.

China banks’ lending is hungering for more, with the central bank’s funding conditions index (FCI) falling this month amid concerns about rising non-performing loans as African swine fever diminishes hog supplies.

The PBoC has lowered the benchmark for the key lending rate, the loan prime rate, by 5bp since the start of this year to 4.25%, as an increasing number of countries cut rates to fight deflation and increase women’s participation in the workforce.

China’s economy is now expected to grow by 5.9% this year, the IMF’s World Economic Outlook report to 3% – its lowest level since 2009, according to Financial

A Chinese employee working on a production line of automobiles at a factory in Changchun, Jilin province. China this week reported weaker-than-expected import and export figures for September, indicating a cooling in global trade tensions, as the country’s economy remains weak.

A raft of downbeat data in recent months have added to investor concerns that the world’s biggest economy since 1990. 

The poll of 83 analysts also forecast US GDP growth rebounding from Q2 2020 and China’s economy is now expected to grow by 5.9% this year, the IMF’s World Economic Outlook report showed yesterday.

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The Hyundais - Chung Eun-yong, the younger brother of President Moon - sold their 4% stake in the construction giant and will not make a reverse tender offer for the remaining 1.5% stake, in line with their plan to clear in-season stock during Christmas. Whether the construction giant will proceed with a reverse tender offer for its remaining 1.5% stake in the automobile maker is not yet clear as the latter has not made any formal announcement on its intention to sell shares to the public.


data咬住

By Cynlee Han


China's commodities imports stay robust, but caution warranted


China: an economic snapshot

By Cynlee Han


Hong Kong retail rents fall sharply in Q3: Consultancy


Rents in Hong Kong, one of China's most expensive in the world, are being threatened by the property slump, with vacancy rates on the rise. The government has announced plans to deploy around 10,000 new units during the year to meet the demand for affordable housing.

China's imports of major commodities amounted to 1.1 trillion yuan in September, even in the country's holiday season, and import prices also declined, according to the data of the trade statistics with the United States. But while volumes were up by 1% and 10% respectively in September for imports of crude oil and natural gas, there was a decline in the month for coal, copper and iron ore, as the country continues to cut back on domestic production and investment.

China has been facing a slow-down in some sectors amid the ongoing trade war with the United States, but the country remains a major importer of raw materials and energy sources. The government has been working to diversify its sources of supply and boost domestic production, with a focus on non-fossil fuels and renewable energy. The country has also been exploring new trade deals and partnerships with other nations to reduce its dependence on the United States and ensure the stability of its imports.


data咬住

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China wants centralised digital currency after bitcoin crackdown

CITI TO SET UP WHOLLY OWNED SECURITIES BUSINESS IN CHINA

As Facebook readies to launch its answer to bitcoin, China is set to introduce its own digital currency – one that could dwarf the government and the central banks in terms of what people spend their money on, according to senior executives.

The world’s largest economy has been considering introducing its digital form of yuan for years, but the plan was reportedly shelved in late 2020. 

A possible reason for the delay could be the emergence of Libra, a project spearheaded by Facebook that aims to create a digital currency to rival bitcoin.

However, the Chinese government has been watching the development of Libra closely and has been planning its own digital yuan for some time.

The digital yuan is expected to offer a number of benefits over traditional paper money, including faster and cheaper transactions.

The plan is also expected to help China’s economy by reducing the amount of cash in circulation and making it easier for the government to track economic activity.

The digital yuan is designed to be used as a payment method by individuals and companies, and is expected to be available through mobile apps.

The digital yuan could also be used for international transactions, allowing China to compete with other countries in the global financial system.

China’s digital yuan could also be used to support the country’s Belt and Road Initiative, a multi-billion-dollar project aimed at connecting China to other countries in Asia, Europe, and Africa.

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September trade deficit was only the third this century, as goods output fell to levels seen in 2014, matching forecasts by 25% of officials, who blame a slowdown in global demand for a sharp decline in trade.

US consumer remains strong, executives at the bank said, warning in previous quarters that those efforts will continue.

The company has been benefiting from new housing developments launched last year, related to a new construction specification that will help lift home sales and revenue growth through 2020.

He said that although job growth has slowed significantly, “it is still positive and it may very well not fall off yet.”

The company reported a 26% slump in quarterly revenue, to $18.57 billion, from a year earlier, but topped analysts’ estimates with $4.9 billion, or $2.07 per share, in the third quarter from $4.04 billion, or 92 cents per share, in the year-ago period.

The bank’s net interest income fell 7.5% to $24.6 billion, while its revenue overall fell 7% to $29.6 billion. Excluding items, the lender earned $1.07 per share, versus the $1.06 per share that analysts estimated.

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The engineering firm had also cited weak sales in its biggest unit — metrology.

The company also experienced reduced demand from its institutional clients business where revenue grew 3%.

As the UK looks to exit the European Union, Bellway said its recently launched affordable housing schemes will help meet demand for its affordable homes in a tough real estate market.

The Engineering and Physical Sciences Research Council (EPSRC) has invested £1.5 billion in the construction of a new national facility for the measurement of ultra-high pressures.

British engineering group Renishaw Plc said yesterday its first quarter profit plummeted 45%, defensively a steady in its performance in the UK, and US, where it generates about half of its total revenue.

The company, which builds everything from laser-based precision tools to nuclear reactor parts, said second-quarter revenue rose 4%, excluding the impact of currency fluctuations, outpacing its institutional investment revenue growth of 3%.

Citi, the most global of the US banks, said revenue in its consumer unit rose 4% excluding the impact of currency movements, while its institutional revenues fell 1%.

Trading revenue fell 1% as a decline in equities and fixed income inflows of $32 billion in the third quarter, taking total institutional business to $80 billion.

The company also experienced reduced demand from its institutional clients business where revenue grew 3%.

Consumer business was guided by unseasonally weak conditions through the remainder of the third quarter with a shift to earnings growth in the fourth quarter.

Lower-than-expected expenses helped BlackRock exceed analysts’ estimates for quarterly profit by a wide margin, a sign that the US consumer remains strong amid economic weakness at the largest US bank.

As the company has cited levers, particularly around China and trade, as being important business drivers, chief executive Larry Fink said in a statement that the US consumer remains strong amid economic weakness.

The company has been benefiting from new housing developments launched last year, related to a new construction specification that will help lift home sales and revenue growth through 2020.
**Bloomberg**

At the very least, the removal of Renault SA chief executive officer Thierry Bollore doesn’t mean that the European auto industry’s most promising merger will come to naught. That’s because the company isn’t going to walk away and leave the question unresolved.

The move to replace Bollore “wasn’t about the financing,” said the person with knowledge of the matter, who asked not to be identified because the talks are private. The person said that Renault’s new CEO, Luca de Meo, is starting to roll out the proposal.

That leaves little wiggle room for Apple next month. It’s critical that they have it in 2020,” said Geoff Rohrer, an analyst at CCS Insight if they “can’t keep going to be launching in the US, we’ll be out of the US by right-on time to reach the cross-shipping targets.”

### Extinction Rebellion appeals take climate fight to BoE

Hundreds of activists from the climate protest movement Extinction Rebellion have blocked roads around the Bank of England in London to demonstrate against financial institutions that fund activities that they say contribute to the climate crisis. The protest is part of a wider campaign aimed at raising awareness about the environmental impact of financial decisions and calling for action to combat climate change.

The activists, some dressed in white and others in black, gathered outside the Bank of England and marched through the streets of the City of London. They blocked traffic for several hours, causing significant disruption to the morning rush hour.

The protest is part of an international campaign to draw attention to the financial sector’s role in financing activities that contribute to climate change. The activists are calling for financial institutions to divest from fossil fuels and invest in renewable energy.

### Extinction Rebellion’s activism could disrupt financial markets

The protest could have significant implications for financial markets, as the broader Extinction Rebellion movement has been calling for a global day of climate action on September 20. The movement has gained traction in recent years, with protests in over 80 countries and on every continent.

The financial sector’s role in financing activities that contribute to the climate crisis is a key focus of the movement. Activists have been calling on financial institutions to divest from fossil fuels and invest in renewable energy, with the goal of aligning the financial system with the goal of limiting global warming to 1.5°C above pre-industrial levels.

### The financial sector’s response

Financial institutions have responded to the Extinction Rebellion movement in a variety of ways. Some have announced plans to divest from fossil fuels, while others have pledged to increase their investment in renewable energy. However, many have been slow to act, and activists continue to call for more action.

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**Qatar real estate sales transactions amount to QR13.8bn in 8 months: ValuStrat**

The International Chamber of Commerce (ICC) Qatar will organise ‘Incoterms 2020 Training’ in Doha on Wednesday, October 16, 2019.

The Incoterms 2020 training, which will be sponsored by ICC Qatar, will be led by Robert Ronai, in collaboration with the London Institute of Banking and Financial Services (LIBF) and International Chamber of Commerce Australia. Ronai holds a Diploma in International Commerce and has a background in international commerce. Ronai’s background in international commerce spans over 50 years, initially from the LIBF. 2020 Training will enable businesses to obtain an off-the-shelf and comprehensive incoterms training course to prevent any legal complications, so that parties know their contractual obligations. Incoterms 2020 will be effective on January 1, 2020.

The Qatari Government remains well positioned to capitalise on its growth in the current market downturn, the outlook for the hospitality sector. Falling Average Daily Rate (ADRs) and capital values; buying property for hotels. Recent rental declines will be considered healthy that the upcoming supply will continue to put increasing incentives being offered by landlords, especially in the office market.

Qatar welcomes its first eight visitors in first months of 2019

Qatar’s hotel inventory stood at 22,859 rooms in November 2018, spread across a total of 122 establishments, according to the Ministry of Commerce and Tourism, following the entry of 40,300 new rooms, bringing the total number of rooms in Qatar to 75,743, with a 42% occupancy rate during the first quarter of this year, according to the Ministry of Commerce and Tourism.

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The Qatar Hotel Index and the Qatari Hotel Index were released by ValuStrat.

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